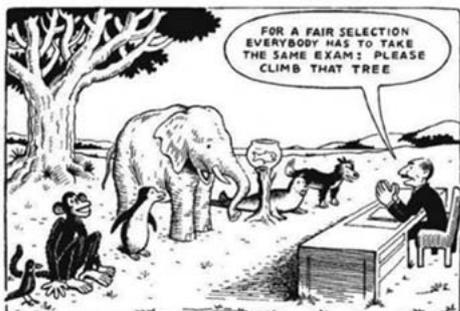


### Engaging Learners in the Climate of Challenge



- The new GCSEs are extremely rigorous and challenging for our students. To support students in this, St Joseph's Catholic School has looked at the different ways that teachers can maintain motivation and engagement, and also assist students to achieve more.
- This has included the production of resources, the creation of a blog and a clear message of how to succeed through metacognition.

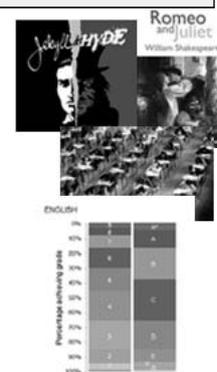
### What is stopping our students achieving at KS4?

- A Lack of cultural capital.
- Lack of 'word wealth' particularly in academic phrasing/vocabulary.
- Understanding of how to write academically.
- Inability to consider the impact on an audience of their own writing.
- Poor knowledge of grammar/punctuation.
- Lack of understanding of how to revise for exams.
- Little personal access to high quality and challenging fiction and non-fiction texts.
- Students lack confidence in expressing a personal opinion.
- Students lack confidence with more than the most basic of language techniques, leaving them at a disadvantage in terms of quality of analysis.
- Students struggle to understand how to compare texts.

### The new KS4 - Increased demand of new specifications

The new specifications are more demanding in three ways:

- Content
- Examination
- Grading



### Increased Challenge needed at KS3

- There is a potential problem of the lack of challenge and duplication of KS2 curriculum at KS3.
- Ascertaining what vital skills are needed by the end of year 11 is a way forward in adding additional challenge to the KS3 curriculum.
- Although it could be argued that English is recursive, the level at which KS3 curriculums should be pitched should be addressed to fully prepare students for the challenge required at KS4.
- This could be achieved by dividing the English curriculum into several key strands
- The difficulty in skills needed for each strand could progress over the years to ensure all have been reached by year 11.

	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
Shakespeare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Context of Shakespeare's world</li> <li>• Opening scene</li> <li>• Staging a scene</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shakespeare's language</li> <li>• Anatomy of a scene</li> <li>• Characterisation through language</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience's reaction to a scene</li> <li>• Comparing two scenes</li> <li>• The structure of a whole play</li> <li>• Development of a character over the play</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Role of characters</li> <li>• Characterisation</li> <li>• Different perspectives</li> <li>• Dramatic craft</li> </ul>	Revision

### Intervening against the lost KS3 years

- There are two aspects to this presentation.
- In a sense there are students who have not been through a challenging KS3 or KS2 and are therefore not as ready as we would like to tackle the rigorous GCSEs.
- Therefore, we need to intervene for these students to ensure that they are ready.
- The second aspect is to ensure that the KS3 curriculum is sufficiently challenging to ensure that they are ready for

## Departmental Blogs



**The blog has been paramount to the success of our students in the last two years.**  
**The blog is a go to forum that enables us to:**

- Give students key information
- Provide additional resources that back up or add to the learning in class.
- Extend their understanding through links to additional/ deeper learning.
- Provides them with an opportunity to check for homework etc.



**YEAR 10 J&H INTERVENTION GROUP**

Here is the booklet that you should begin to work through.  
 When you come back from work experience we will start to go through the key things.  
 In the meantime make sure that you do as many of the tasks as you can.  
 Final J&H English Complete Study Guide

**YEAR 11 – LANGUAGE PAPER 2 REVISION**

Adverts and language for evaluation  
 educational non-fiction anthology  
 Paper 2 Revision Language  
 see monstan-Q3-end-Q8

## Modeling Work/ Meta-cognition

- Don't assume they can do things – model it. So, model a solution to a problem with them first, before asking them to try it.
- I model SQUAD paragraphs, analysis, annotation etc.
- I keep a 'model book'. I will complete answers etc. and then if a student hits a wall, they can look at the book.
- If you can explain how you have answered a question they stand more of a chance of being able to tackle it.



## Metacognition

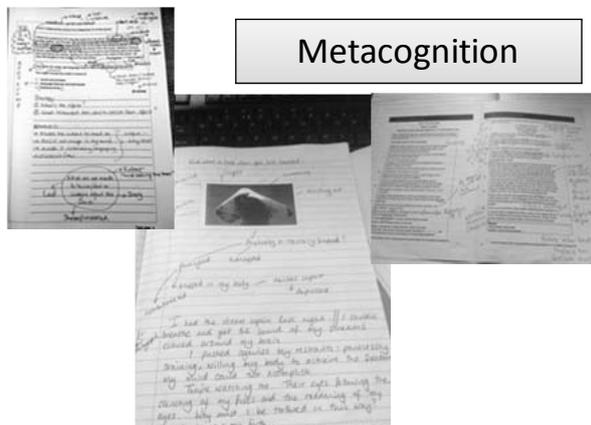
**3. Step Three: Re-read question and identify the key focus.**

**4. Step Four: Highlight everything in the passage that tells you something about the question's key focus – in this case, the narrator's feelings about Bertha.**

**5. Step Five: Then go back over your highlights and label with the correct techniques that the writer has used identifying whether they are language techniques (L) or structural techniques (S).**



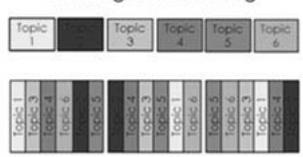
## Metacognition



## Curriculum Planning - Blocking vs. Interleaving

- Facilitate repetition, through your curriculum.
- **Interleaving:** Chopping topics up and spaced them about between each other – so you keep coming back to topics. This repetition and retrieval aids memory.

**Blocking vs interleaving**



### Graphic Novels to support challenging texts

- The concept of the *bande dessinée* or graphic novel is sometimes frowned upon in the UK as not being 'real' literature, or being literature for children, but we need only to take a look at how respected this genre is in Europe and Asia and the quality of titles available, to maybe shift our perception slightly.
- There are ranges of books that publish the exact text found in the classical version but with extremely engaging images
- The advantage of these over a film is it encourages a reading culture and brings otherwise intimidating texts to life.
- They also allow students to understand implied emotions or figurative language (a high cognitive skill).
- Cartoon accounts of key historical events have proven very useful in the past as well.



### How do we boost memory?

- Reliable quizzing
- Knowledge organisers or maps
- Closed book KS3 assessments



### Reliable Quizzing

- Reliable quizzing** – We have been experimenting with all forms of quizzing this last year. Although this isn't innovative and doesn't sound engaging but the students love it (and especially the stickers that they get when they've done well.)
- We have been doing Spelling tests, grammar tests, unit based weekly tests, or simply recapping by asking students 'what did we learn yesterday, last week, or last term...?'
- All of these prove incredibly useful in boosting memory.
- When preparing for exams, we have had great success with

### Boosting Memory through games and repetition

Image and Quotations

					
'a hard headed practical man of business' (Act 1)	"mixed up together like bees in a hive" (Act 1)	"The lighting should be pink and intimate until the Inspector arrives and then it should be brighter and harder" (Act 1)	"these girls aren't cheap labour - they're people" (Act 1)	"The famous younger generation who know it all" (Act 3)	"There are millions and millions and millions of Eva Smiths and John Smiths" (Act 3)

### An Inspector Calls - Round One

Image and Quotations

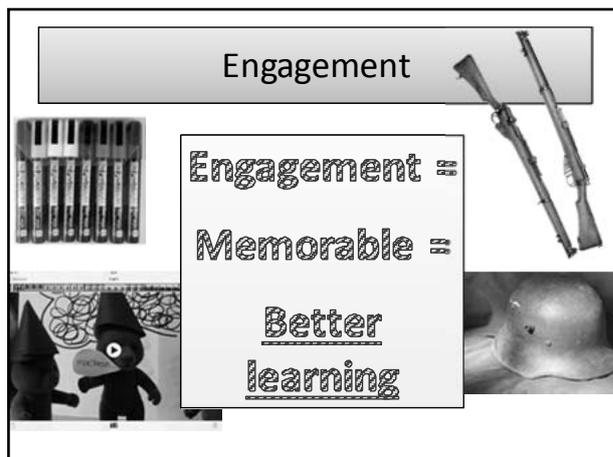
					
'a hard headed practical man of business' (Act 1)	"mixed up together like bees in a hive" (Act 1)	"The lighting should be pink and intimate until the Inspector arrives and then it should be brighter and harder" (Act 1)	"these girls aren't cheap labour - they're people" (Act 1)	"The famous younger generation who know it all" (Act 3)	"There are millions and millions and millions of Eva Smiths and John Smiths" (Act 3)

### An Inspector Calls - Round Two

Image and Missing Words

					
'a hard _____ man of business' (Act 1)	"mixed up together like _____ in a _____" (Act 1)	"The lighting should be _____ and _____ until the Inspector arrives and then it should be _____ and _____" (Act 1)	"these girls aren't _____ - they're _____" (Act 1)	"The _____ younger generation who _____ it all" (Act 3)	"There are _____ and _____ and _____ of Eva Smiths and John Smiths" (Act 3)





### Engagement in Maths

Name	74	40
Kyle Thomson	74	40
Shia	82	20
Matt Edwards	63	70
Day Simpson	76	90
Wadebrook		
Talia Myers	93	100
Neil Woodman	85	90
Sarah Evans	79	60
Thursday		
The Personalities	78	60
MerseyGirls	63	50
Friday		
Dallas Chmonds	92	80
Missing People Choir	66	60

**Extension Question**

= 3 contestants together get 500 votes in the final

= Which 3?

